## PENDING CLAIMS

## Application No. 09/733,898 Attorney Docket No. 05725.0808-00000 Filed: December 12, 2000

## 1-314. (Canceled).

- 315. (Previously presented) A method for providing stability to a cosmetic composition comprising including in said cosmetic composition at least one liquid fatty phase which comprises:
- (i) at least one structuring polymer chosen from polyamide polymers of formula (I):

## in which:

- n is an integer which represents the number of amide units such that the number of ester groups present in said at least one polyamide polymer ranges from 10% to 50% of the total number of all ester groups and all amide groups comprised in said at least one polyamide polymer;
- R<sup>1</sup>, which are identical or different, are each chosen from alkyl groups comprising at least 4 carbon atoms and alkenyl groups comprising at least 4 carbon atoms;
- $R^2$ , which are identical or different, are each chosen from  $C_4$  to  $C_{42}$  hydrocarbon-based groups with the proviso that at least 50% of all  $R^2$  are chosen from  $C_{30}$  to  $C_{42}$  hydrocarbon-based groups;

- R<sup>3</sup>, which are identical or different, are each chosen from organic groups comprising atoms chosen from carbon atoms, hydrogen atoms, oxygen atoms and nitrogen atoms, with the proviso that R<sup>3</sup> comprises at least 2 carbon atoms; and
- R<sup>4</sup>, which are identical or different, are each chosen from hydrogen atoms, C<sub>1</sub> to C<sub>10</sub> alkyl groups and a direct bond to at least one group chosen from R<sup>3</sup> and another R<sup>4</sup> such that when said at least one group is chosen from another R<sup>4</sup>, the nitrogen atom to which both R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are bonded forms part of a heterocyclic structure defined in part by R<sup>4</sup>-N-R<sup>3</sup>, with the proviso that at least 50% of all R<sup>4</sup> are chosen from hydrogen atoms;
- (ii) at least one oil-soluble ester comprising at least one free hydroxy group with the proviso that said at least one oil-soluble ester is not castor oil; and
  - (iii) at least one coloring agent.
- 316. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 315, wherein the at least one structuring polymer is chosen from ethylenediamine/stearyl dimer tallate copolymer.
- 317. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 315, wherein said composition further comprises at least one additional fatty material.
- 318. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 317, wherein said at least one additional fatty material is chosen from gums, fatty materials pasty at ambient temperature, and resins.
- 319. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 315, wherein said composition further comprises at least one fatty alcohol.

- 320. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 319, wherein said at least one fatty alcohol is chosen from  $C_8$  to  $C_{26}$  fatty alcohols.
- 321. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 320, wherein said at least one fatty alcohol is chosen from  $C_{12}$  to  $C_{20}$  fatty alcohols.
- 322. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 321, wherein said  $C_{12}$  to  $C_{20}$  fatty alcohols are chosen from myristyl alcohol, cetyl alcohol, stearyl alcohol and behenyl alcohol.
- 323. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 319, wherein the at least one fatty alcohol is present in a concentration ranging from 0.1% to 15.0% by weight, relative to the weight of the composition.
- 324. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 323, wherein the at least one fatty alcohol is present in a concentration ranging from 0.5% to 10.0% by weight, relative to the weight of the composition.
- 325. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 324 wherein the at least one fatty alcohol is present in a concentration ranging from 0.5% to 8.0% by weight, relative to the weight of the composition.
- 326. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 315, wherein said composition further comprises at least one oil-soluble polymer.
- 327. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 326, wherein said at least one oil-soluble polymer is chosen from alkylated guar gums and alkyl celluloses.
- 328. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 326, wherein the at least one oil-soluble polymer is present in a concentration ranging from 0.05% to 10% by weight, relative to the weight of the composition.

- 329. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 328, wherein the at least one oil-soluble polymer is present in a concentration ranging from 0.1% to 5% by weight, relative to the weight of the composition.
- 330. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 329 wherein the at least one oil-soluble polymer is present in a concentration ranging from 0.1% to 3% by weight, relative to the weight of the composition.
- 331. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 315, wherein said composition further comprises at least one wax.
- 332. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 331, wherein said at least one wax is chosen from carnauba wax, candelilla wax, ouricury wax, Japan wax, cork fiber wax, sugar cane wax, paraffin waxes, lignite wax, microcrystalline waxes, lanolin wax, montan wax, polyethylene waxes, waxes obtained by Fischer-Tropsch synthesis, silicone waxes, ozokerites, hydrogenated jojoba oil, fatty acid esters, and fatty acid ester glycerides.
- 333. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 331, wherein said at least one wax is present at a concentration of up to 3% relative to the total weight of said composition.
- 334. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 315, wherein the composition further comprises at least one preserving agent chosen from methylparaben, ethylparaben, propylparaben, and butylparaben.
- 335. (Previously presented) A container comprising a lipstick composition comprising:

(i) at least one structuring polymer chosen from polyamide polymers of formula (I):

$$R^{1} - O - C - R^{2} - C - N - R^{3} - N - C - R^{2} - C - O - R^{1}$$
 (I)

in which:

- n is an integer which represents the number of amide units such that the number of ester groups present in said at least one polyamide polymer ranges from 10% to 50% of the total number of all ester groups and all amide groups comprised in said at least one polyamide polymer;
- R<sup>1</sup>, which are identical or different, are each chosen from alkyl groups comprising at least 4 carbon atoms and alkenyl groups comprising at least 4 carbon atoms;
- $R^2$ , which are identical or different, are each chosen from  $C_4$  to  $C_{42}$  hydrocarbon-based groups with the proviso that at least 50% of all  $R^2$  are chosen from  $C_{30}$  to  $C_{42}$  hydrocarbon-based groups;
- R<sup>3</sup>, which are identical or different, are each chosen from organic groups comprising atoms chosen from carbon atoms, hydrogen atoms, oxygen atoms and nitrogen atoms, with the proviso that R<sup>3</sup> comprises at least 2 carbon atoms; and
- $R^4$ , which are identical or different, are each chosen from hydrogen atoms,  $C_1$  to  $C_{10}$  alkyl groups and a direct bond to at least one group chosen from  $R^3$  and another  $R^4$  such that when said at least one group is chosen from another  $R^4$ , the nitrogen atom to which both  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are bonded forms part of a heterocyclic structure defined in part

by R<sup>4</sup>-N-R<sup>3</sup>, with the proviso that at least 50% of all R<sup>4</sup> are chosen from hydrogen atoms;

- (ii) at least one oil-soluble ester comprising at least one free hydroxy group with the proviso that said at least one oil-soluble ester is not castor oil; and
  - (iii) at least one coloring agent.